



✓✓ Unit 9A

1. Imply /ɪmˈplaɪ/ verb
to suggest that something is true, without saying this directly.
Cleo blushed. She had not meant to imply that he was lying.
2. Household /ˈhaʊshəʊld \$ -həʊld/ noun
all the people who live together in one house SYN house
A growing number of households have at least one computer.
3. Rigid /ˈrɪdʒɪd/ adjective
stiff and not moving or bending
OPP flexible
rigid plastic
4. Infest /ɪnˈfest/ verb
if insects, rats etc infest a place, there are a lot of them and they usually cause damage.
The kitchen was infested with cockroaches.
5. Infirm /ɪnˈfɜːm \$ -ɜːrm/ adjective
weak or ill for a long time, especially because you are old.
Her grandmother is elderly and infirm.
6. Arbitrary /ˈɑːbɪtrəri, -tri \$ ˈɑːrbɪtrəri/ adjective
decided or arranged without any reason or plan, often unfairly.
an arbitrary decision
7. Fluffy /ˈflʌfi/ adjective
not serious or important.
Her new book is a fluffy romantic fantasy.

8. Skeptic /ˈskeptɪk/ noun
the American spelling of sceptic
sceptic
***sceptic /ˈskeptɪk/ noun
a person who disagrees with particular claims and statements, especially those that are generally thought to be true.
Sceptics argued that the rise in prices was temporary.
9. Confront /kənˈfrʌnt/ verb
to accuse someone of doing something, especially by showing them the proof.
I confronted him with my suspicions, and he admitted everything.
10. slip your mind
If something slips your mind, you forget it.
I'm sorry I forgot your birthday - it just slipped my mind.
11. Averse /əˈvɜːs \$ -ɜːrs/ adjective
having a strong dislike of or opposition to something.
"as a former CIA director, he is not averse to secrecy"
12. Apologetic /əˌpɒləˈdʒetɪk ◀ \$ əˌpɑː-/ adjective
showing or saying that you are sorry that something has happened, especially because you feel guilty or embarrassed about it.
She gave me an apologetic smile.
13. Stickleback /ˈstɪk.əl.bæk/ noun
a small fish that has sharp points along its back.



14. Awestruck /'ɔ:stɹʌk \$ 'ɒ:-/ adjective
feeling great respect for the importance,
difficulty, or seriousness of someone or
something.
She gazed awestruck at the jewels.

15. Sanctuary /'sæŋktʃuəri, -tʃəri \$ -tʃuəri/
noun
an area for birds or animals where they
are protected and cannot be hunted SYN
refuge.
The park is the largest wildlife
sanctuary in the US.

16. Cynical /'sɪnɪkəl/ adjective
unwilling to believe that people have
good, honest, or sincere reasons for
doing something.
The public is cynical about election
promises.

17. Frolic /'frɒlɪk \$ 'fra:-/ verb
to play in an active happy way.
Lambs frolicked in the next field.

18. Cynic /'sɪnɪk/ noun
someone who is not willing to believe
that people have good, honest, or
sincere reasons for doing something.
Even hardened cynics believe the
meeting is a step towards peace.

19. Realm /reɪlm/ noun
a general area of knowledge, activity, or
thought.
the spiritual realm

20. Grunt /grʌnt/ noun
someone who does hard physical work
for low pay.
The grunts move the crates.

21. Calves /kɑ:vz \$
kævz/
the plural of calf
***calf /kɑ:f \$ kæf/ noun
the baby of a cow, or of some other
large animals, such as an elephant.
How many more calves will she be
able to bear?

22. Roar /rɔ: \$ rɔ:r/ verb
to shout something in a deep powerful
voice 'Get out of my house!' he
roared.

23. Wasp /wɒsp \$ wɑ:sp, wɒ:sp/ noun
a thin black and yellow flying insect
that can sting you.
It looks like a slightly small-sized cross
between a bee and a wasp, but with a
longer drooping tail.

24. Seasick /'si: sɪk/ adjective
feeling ill when you travel in a boat,
because of the movement of the boat in
the water.
Hal was seasick almost at once.

25. Oppose /ə'pəʊz \$ ə'pouz/ verb
to disagree with something such as a
plan or idea and try to prevent it from
happening or succeeding.
Congress is continuing to oppose the
president's health care budget.

26. Exploit /ɪk'splɔɪt/ verb
to treat someone unfairly by asking
them to do things for you, but giving
them very little in return – used to
show disapproval. Homeworkers can
easily be exploited by employers.



✓✓ Unit 9B

27. Breed /bri:d/ verb

to keep animals or plants in order to produce babies or new plants, especially ones with particular qualities.

These dogs were originally bred in Scotland to round up sheep.

✓✓ Unit 9A - Listening

1. Obesity /əʊ'bi:səti \$ ʊ-/ noun

when someone is very fat in a way that is unhealthy.

Obesity can lead to heart disorders and other health problems.

2. Devastate /'devəsteɪt/ verb

to damage something very badly or completely.

The city centre was devastated by the bomb.

3. Omnivorous /ɒm'nɪvərəs \$ ɑ:m-/ adjective

an animal that is omnivorous eats both meat and plants.

Yet saw-fly larvae are actually pretty omnivorous.

4. Anemic /ə'ni:mɪk/ adjective

the usual American spelling of anaemic. But they were an anemic bunch.

***Anaemic

suffering from anaemia

his anaemic-looking face

5. Herbivore /'hɜ:bəvɔ: \$ 'hɜ:rbəvɔ:r, 'z:r-/ noun

an animal that only eats plants.

On the other hand, there is good evidence that Hyperodapedon was a herbivore.

1. Disastrous

/dɪ'zɑ:stɾəs \$ dɪ'zæ-/ adjective
very bad, or ending in failure.
a disastrous first marriage

2. comfort food noun

simple food that makes you feel relaxed and happy.

What's your favourite comfort food?

3. Basil /'bæzəl \$ 'ber-/ noun

a strong-smelling and strong-tasting herb used in cooking.

Stir in parsley and basil just before serving.

4. Gravy /'greɪvi/ noun

a sauce made from the juice that comes from meat as it cooks, mixed with flour and water.

Gravy may be taken with the dinner menus, provided it is made with gravy powder or low-fat granules.

5. Scratch /skrætʃ/ verb

to make a small cut or mark on something by pulling something sharp across it.

I'm afraid I've scratched your car.

6. Herb /hɜ:b \$ ɜ:rb, hɜ:rb/ noun

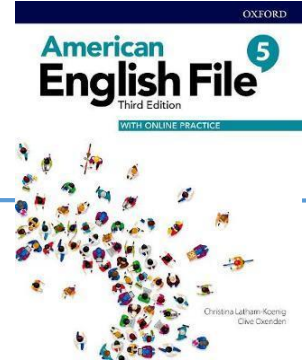
a small plant that is used to improve the taste of food, or to make medicine. Sprinkle the dish with chopped fresh herbs.

7. Stew /stju: \$ stu:/ noun

a hot meal made by cooking meat and vegetables slowly in liquid for a long time

SYN casserole

a pot of stew



8. Monk /mʌŋk/ noun
a member of an all-male religious group that lives apart from other people in a monastery.
Benedict and lived all his days as a devout monk.
monkish (adjective)
9. Oyster /'ɔɪstə \$ -ər/ noun
a type of shellfish that can be eaten cooked or uncooked, and that produces a jewel called a pearl.
Long tables with stainless-steel trays held mashed potatoes, sauerkraut, fried oysters and oyster stew.

✓✓ Unit 9B – Listening

1. Fiddly /'fidli/ adjective
difficult to do, especially because you have to deal with very small objects.
Fixing the TV was a fiddly job.
2. Ingenious /ɪn'dʒi:niəs/ adjective
an ingenious plan, idea, or object works well and is the result of clever thinking and new ideas. Many fish have ingenious ways of protecting their eggs from predators.
3. make a fuss of somebody/something
to pay a lot of attention to someone or something, to show that you are pleased with them or like them.
Make a fuss of your dog when he behaves properly.
4. Amicable /'æmɪkəbəl/ adjective
an amicable agreement, relationship etc is one in which people feel friendly towards each other and do not want to quarrel.

