

✓✓ Unit 9A

1. Imply /im'plai/ verb
to suggest that something is true, without saying this directly.
Cleo blushed. She had not meant to imply that he was lying.
2. Household /'haʊshəʊld/ noun
all the people who live together in one house SYN house
A growing number of households have at least one computer.
3. Rigid /'rɪdʒɪd/ adjective
stiff and not moving or bending
OPP flexible
rigid plastic
4. Infest /in'fest/ verb
if insects, rats etc infest a place, there are a lot of them and they usually cause damage.
The kitchen was infested with cockroaches.
5. Infirm /in'fɜ:m/ adjective
weak or ill for a long time, especially because you are old.
Her grandmother is elderly and infirm.
6. Arbitrary /'ɑ:bətrəri, -tri/ adjective
decided or arranged without any reason or plan, often unfairly.
an arbitrary decision
7. Fluffy /'flʌfi/ adjective
not serious or important.
Her new book is a fluffy romantic fantasy.

8. Skeptic /'skeptɪk/ noun
the American spelling of sceptic
sceptic
***sceptic /'skeptɪk/ noun
a person who disagrees with particular claims and statements, especially those that are generally thought to be true.
Sceptics argued that the rise in prices was temporary.
9. Confront /kən'frənt/ verb
to accuse someone of doing something, especially by showing them the proof.
I confronted him with my suspicions, and he admitted everything.
10. slip your mind
If something slips your mind, you forget it.
I'm sorry I forgot your birthday - it just slipped my mind.
11. Averse /ə've:s/ adjective
having a strong dislike of or opposition to something.
"as a former CIA director, he is not averse to secrecy"
12. Apologetic /ə,pɒlə'dʒetɪk/ adjective
showing or saying that you are sorry that something has happened, especially because you feel guilty or embarrassed about it.
She gave me an apologetic smile.
13. Stickleback /'stɪk.əl.bæk/ noun
a small fish that has sharp points along its back.

14. **Awestruck** /'ə:stri:k/ adjective
 feeling great respect for the importance, difficulty, or seriousness of someone or something.
 She gazed awestruck at the jewels.

15. **Sanctuary** /'sæŋktʃuəri, -tʃəri/ noun
 an area for birds or animals where they are protected and cannot be hunted SYN refuge.
 The park is the largest wildlife sanctuary in the US.

16. **Cynical** /'sɪnɪkəl/ adjective
 unwilling to believe that people have good, honest, or sincere reasons for doing something.
 The public is cynical about election promises.

17. **Frolic** /'frɒlɪk/ verb
 to play in an active happy way.
 Lambs frolicked in the next field.

18. **Cynic** /'sɪnɪk/ noun
 someone who is not willing to believe that people have good, honest, or sincere reasons for doing something.
 Even hardened cynics believe the meeting is a step towards peace.

19. **Realm** /rɛlm/ noun
 a general area of knowledge, activity, or thought.
 the spiritual realm

20. **Grunt** /grʌnt/ noun
 someone who does hard physical work for low pay.
 The grunts move the crates.

21. **Calves** /ka:vz/ noun
 the plural of calf
 *****calf** /kæ:f/ noun
 the baby of a cow, or of some other large animals, such as an elephant.
 How many more calves will she be able to bear?

22. **Roar** /rɔ:/ verb
 to shout something in a deep powerful voice ‘Get out of my house!’ he roared.

23. **Wasp** /wɒsp/ noun
 a thin black and yellow flying insect that can sting you.
 It looks like a slightly small-sized cross between a bee and a wasp, but with a longer drooping tail.

24. **Seasick** /'si:sɪk/ adjective
 feeling ill when you travel in a boat, because of the movement of the boat in the water.
 Hal was seasick almost at once.

25. **Oppose** /ə'pəʊz/ verb
 to disagree with something such as a plan or idea and try to prevent it from happening or succeeding.
 Congress is continuing to oppose the president’s health care budget.

26. **Exploit** /ɪk'splɔɪt/ verb
 to treat someone unfairly by asking them to do things for you, but giving them very little in return – used to show disapproval. Homeworkers can easily be exploited by employers.

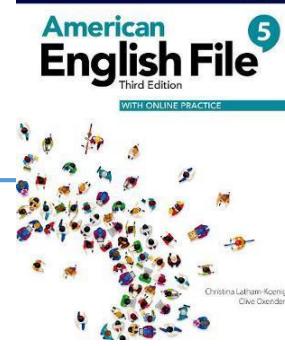
✓✓ Unit 9B

27. Breed /bri:d/ verb
 to keep animals or plants in order to produce babies or new plants, especially ones with particular qualities.
 These dogs were originally bred in Scotland to round up sheep.

✓✓ Unit 9A - Listening

1. Obesity /əʊ'bi:səti \$ ou-/ noun
 when someone is very fat in a way that is unhealthy.
 Obesity can lead to heart disorders and other health problems.
2. Devastate /'devəsteɪt/ verb
 to damage something very badly or completely.
 The city centre was devastated by the bomb.
3. Omnivorous /ɒm'nɪvərəs \$ ə:m-/ adjective
 an animal that is omnivorous eats both meat and plants.
 Yet saw-fly larvae are actually pretty omnivorous.
4. Anemic /ə'ni:mɪk/ adjective
 the usual American spelling of anaemic.
 But they were an anemic bunch.
 ***Anaemic
 suffering from anaemia
 his anaemic-looking face
5. Herbivore /'hɜ:bəvɔ: \$ 'hɜ:rbəvɔ:r, 'ɜ:r-/ noun
 an animal that only eats plants.
 On the other hand, there is good evidence that Hyperodapedon was a herbivore.

1. Disastrous /dɪ'zə:st्रəs \$ dɪ'zæ-/ adjective
 very bad, or ending in failure.
 a disastrous first marriage
2. comfort food noun
 simple food that makes you feel relaxed and happy.
 What's your favourite comfort food?
3. Basil /'bæzəl \$ 'beɪ-/ noun
 a strong-smelling and strong-tasting herb used in cooking.
 Stir in parsley and basil just before serving.
4. Gravy /'greɪvi/ noun
 a sauce made from the juice that comes from meat as it cooks, mixed with flour and water.
 Gravy may be taken with the dinner menus, provided it is made with gravy powder or low-fat granules.
5. Scratch /skrætʃ/ verb
 to make a small cut or mark on something by pulling something sharp across it.
 I'm afraid I've scratched your car.
6. Herb /hɜ:b \$ ɜ:rb, hɜ:rb/ noun
 a small plant that is used to improve the taste of food, or to make medicine.
 Sprinkle the dish with chopped fresh herbs.
7. Stew /stju: \$ stu:/ noun
 a hot meal made by cooking meat and vegetables slowly in liquid for a long time
 SYN casserole
 a pot of stew



8. Monk /mʌŋk/ noun

a member of an all-male religious group that lives apart from other people in a monastery.

Benedict and lived all his days as a devout monk.

monkish (adjective)

9. Oyster /'ɔɪstə \$ -ər/ noun

a type of shellfish that can be eaten cooked or uncooked, and that produces a jewel called a pearl.

Long tables with stainless-steel trays held mashed potatoes, sauerkraut, fried oysters and oyster stew.

✓✓ Unit 9B – Listening

1. Fiddly /'fidli/ adjective

difficult to do, especially because you have to deal with very small objects.

Fixing the TV was a fiddly job.

2. Ingenious /ɪn'dʒi:nɪəs/ adjective

an ingenious plan, idea, or object works well and is the result of clever thinking and new ideas. Many fish have ingenious ways of protecting their eggs from predators.

3. make a fuss of somebody/something

to pay a lot of attention to someone or something, to show that you are pleased with them or like them.

Make a fuss of your dog when he behaves properly.

4. Amicable /'æmɪkəbəl/ adjective

an amicable agreement, relationship etc is one in which people feel friendly towards each other and do not want to quarrel.

