

## ✓✓ Unit 2A

1. Tropical /'trɒpɪkəl \$ 'trɑː-  
/adjective coming from or  
existing in the hottest parts of  
the world.  
**E.g.:** the tropical rain forests
2. Sprain /spreɪn/ verb  
to damage a joint in your body  
by suddenly twisting it  
**SYN twist**  
**E.g.:** I fell down the steps and  
sprained my ankle.
3. Pinch /pɪntʃ/ verb  
to press a part of someone's  
skin very tightly between your  
finger and thumb, especially so  
that it hurts.  
**E.g.:** We have to stop her  
pinching her baby brother.
4. Ointment /'ɔɪntmənt/ noun  
a soft cream that you rub into  
your skin, especially as a  
medical treatment.  
**E.g.:** Do not break any blisters  
or put any lotions, potions or  
magic ointments on the burn.
5. Choke /tʃəʊk \$ tʃoʊk/ verb  
to be unable to breathe  
properly because something is  
in your throat or there is not  
enough air.  
**E.g.:** He choked on a piece of  
bread.

## 6. Rash /ræʃ/ adjective

if you are rash, you do things too  
quickly, without thinking carefully  
about whether they are sensible or not.  
**E.g.:** Please Jessie, don't do anything  
rash.

## 7. Indigestion /,ɪndɪ'dʒestʃən/ noun pain that you get when your stomach cannot break down food that you have eaten.

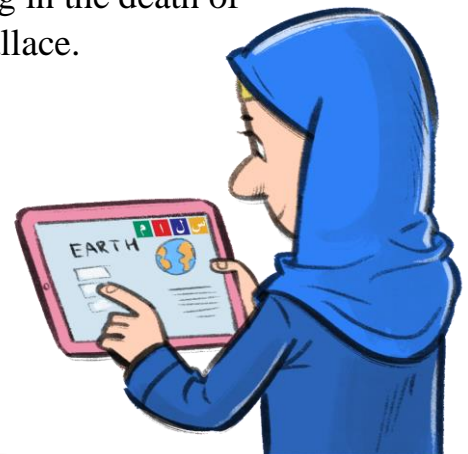
**E.g.:** They are believed to cure  
indigestion.

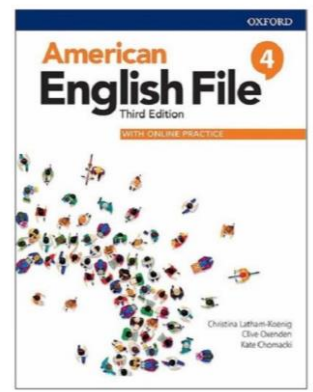
## 8. Incident /'ɪnsɪdənt/ noun an event, especially one that is unusual, important, or violent.

**E.g.:** Roads were sealed off because of  
a major incident.

## 9. Poisoning /'pɔɪzənɪŋ/ noun illness caused by swallowing, touching, or breathing in a poisonous substance.

**E.g.:** There was no evidence of  
poisoning in the death of  
John Wallace.





**10. Epilepsy** /'epəlepsi/ noun  
a medical condition affecting your brain, that can make you suddenly become unconscious or unable to control your movements for a short time.

**E.g.:** His only regret was that he could not drive, because of his epilepsy.

**11. Cyberchondria**  
/ˌsaɪbəˈkɒndrɪə \$ -bərˈkɑːn-/ noun  
fear that you are seriously ill, which is caused or made worse by reading about illnesses on the Internet  
**cyberchondriac** /-driæk/ noun

**E.g.:** Unfortunately, once it has taken hold, cyberchondria can be hard to cure.

**12. Obsessive** /əbˈsesɪv/ adjective  
thinking or worrying about something all the time, so that you do not think about other things enough – used to show disapproval  
**E.g.:** an obsessive concern with cleanliness and order  
**obsessively** (adverb)

**13. under the weather**  
slightly ill

**E.g.:** You look a bit under the weather.

**14. Crisis** /'kraɪsɪs/ noun  
a time when a personal emotional problem or situation has reached its worst point.

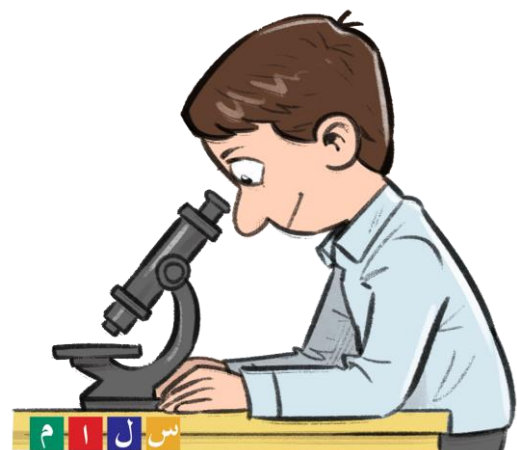
**E.g.:** an emotional crisis

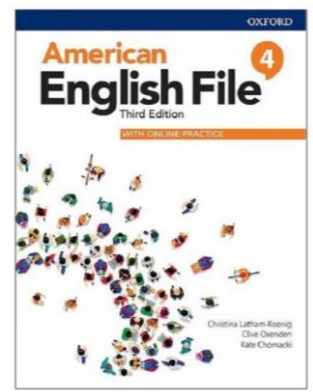
**15. Race** /reɪs/ noun  
a situation in which you have to do something very quickly because you have very little time available.

**E.g.:** it is now a race to find the killer.

**16. Majority** /məˈdʒɒrəti \$ məˈdʒɔː-, məˈdʒɑː-/ noun  
most of the people or things in a group **OPP minority**

**E.g.:** The majority of workers find it quite hard to live on the amount of money they earn.





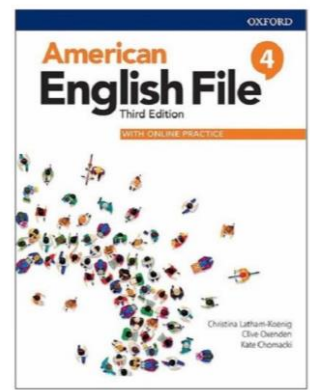
## ✓✓ Unit 2A - Listening

1. Cardiac /'kɑ:di-æk \$ 'kɑ:r-/ adjective relating to the heart.  
**E.g.:** cardiac surgery.
2. Interval /'intəvəl \$ -tər-/ noun the period of time between two events, activities etc.  
**E.g.:** He left the room, returning after a short interval with a message.
3. Trip /trip/ noun to walk, run, or dance with quick light steps. **E.g.:** a little girl tripping down the lane.
4. all of a sudden suddenly  
**E.g.:** All of a sudden the lights went out.
5. Paramedic /,pærə'medɪk/ noun someone who has been trained to help people who are hurt or to do medical work, but who is not a doctor or nurse.  
**E.g.:** By the time the paramedics arrived, he knew his wife was dead.



## ✓✓ Unit 2B

1. Glamorous /'glæməərəs/ adjective attractive, exciting, and related to wealth and success.  
**E.g.:** She led an exciting and glamorous life.
2. Impulsive /ɪm'pʌlsɪv/ adjective someone who is impulsive does things without considering the possible dangers or problems first.  
**E.g.:** Rosa was impulsive and sometimes regretted things she'd done.
3. age gap noun a difference in age between people, especially as a potential source of misunderstanding.  
**E.g.:** "despite an almost ten-year age gap, they fell in love and were married"
4. entrepreneur /,ɒntrəprə'nɜ: \$ ,ɑ:ntɹəprə'nɜ:r/ noun someone who starts a new business or arranges business deals in order to make money, often in a way that involves financial risks.  
**E.g.:** Being an entrepreneur is a way of fulfilling your creative potential.
5. Hurricane /'hʌrɪkən \$ 'hɜ:rəkem/ noun a storm that has very strong fast winds and that moves over water.



**E.g.:** In 1842 six ships were at anchor in Funchal Bay when a hurricane blew them all on to the shore.

6. Welsh /welʃ/ adjective  
relating to Wales, its people, or its original language.  
**E.g.:** Welsh water authority area figures are available for calendar years.

7. rent-free adjective  
without payment of rent  
**E.g.:** rent-free accommodation

8. cropped /kropt/ adjective  
Cropped items of clothing are shorter than normal.  
**E.g.:** She wore a black t-shirt and cropped jeans.

9. Velvet /'velvɪt/ noun  
a type of expensive cloth with a soft surface on one side.  
**E.g.:** green velvet drapes

10. Turtleneck /'tɜːtlnɛk \$ 'tɜːr-/ noun  
a type of sweater with a high, close-fitting collar that covers most of your neck.  
**E.g.:** Cloud, a priest who wears a turtleneck.

11. Wool /wʊl/ noun  
material made from wool.  
**E.g.:** a pure wool skirt.

12. Hooded /'hʊdɪd/ adjective  
having or wearing a hood  
**E.g.:** a hooded cape.

13. Dot /dɒt \$ dɑːt/ noun  
a small round mark or spot.  
**E.g.:** a pattern of dots

14. Linen /'lɪnɪn/ noun  
cloth made from the flax plant, used to make high quality clothes, home decorations etc.  
**E.g.:** a linen jacket

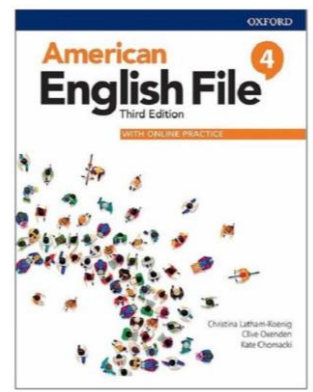


15. Associate /ə'səʊʃieɪt, ə'səʊsi- \$ ə'sou-/ verb  
to make a connection in your mind between one thing or person and another.  
**E.g.:** I don't associate him with energetic sports.

16. Cardigan /'kɑːdɪɡən \$ 'kɑːr-/ noun  
a sweater similar to a short coat, fastened at the front with buttons or a zip.  
**E.g.:** He was wearing a brownny beige cardigan.

17. Fur /fɜː \$ fɜːr/ noun  
the skin of a dead animal with the fur still attached.  
**E.g.:** a fur coat





**18. Blazer** /'bleɪzə \$ -ər/ noun  
a jacket, sometimes with the special sign of a school, club etc on it.  
**E.g.:** Gone were the frivolous hats and bright blazers.

**19. Chinos** /'tʃɪːnəʊz \$ -nəʊz/ noun  
loose trousers made from strong woven cotton.  
**E.g.:** Half-price knitwear, silk shirts and chinos.

**20. Slogan** /'sləʊɡən \$ 'sloʊ-/ noun  
a short phrase that is easy to remember and is used in advertisements, or by politicians, organizations etc.  
**E.g.:** an advertising slogan

**21. Trendy** /'trendi/ adjective  
influenced by the most fashionable styles and ideas.  
**E.g.:** a trendy Bay Area restaurant

**22. Vintage** /'vɪntɪdʒ/ adjective  
showing all the best or most typical qualities of something.  
**E.g.:** a vintage performance from Bruce Springsteen

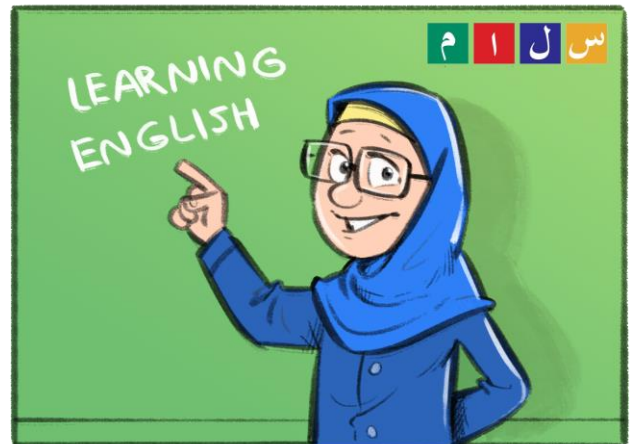
**23. Exploit** /ɪk'splɔɪt/ verb  
to treat someone unfairly by asking them to do things for you, but giving them very little in return – used to show disapproval.  
**E.g.:** Homeworkers can easily be exploited by employers.

**24. Denim**  
/'denɪm/ noun  
a type of strong cotton cloth used especially to make jeans.  
**E.g.:** An elderly woman dressed in denim.

**25. environmentally friendly** adjective  
not harmful to the environment.  
**E.g.:** In some cases, the materials are not environmentally friendly.

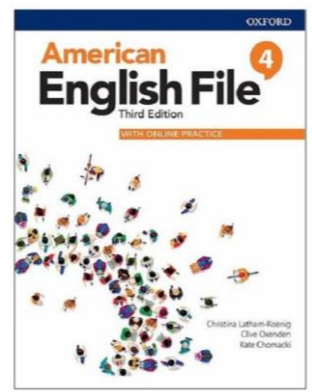
## ✓✓ Unit 2B – Listening

**1. cardigan** /'kɑːdɪɡən \$ 'kɑːr-/noun  
a sweater similar to a short coat,



fastened at the front with buttons or a zip.  
**E.g.:** He was wearing a brown beige cardigan.

**2. Trend** /trend/ noun  
a general tendency in the way a situation is changing or developing.  
**E.g.:** Lately there has been a trend towards hiring younger, cheaper employees.



3. carry something off /'kær.i/ phrasal verb  
to succeed in doing or achieving something difficult.  
**E.g.:** I thought he carried off the part of Hamlet with great skill.
4. Blazer /'bleɪzə \$ -ər/ noun  
a jacket, sometimes with the special sign of a school, club etc on it.  
**E.g.:** Gone were the frivolous hats and bright blazers.
5. Chinos /'tʃiːnəʊz \$ -nəʊz/ noun  
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