



✓✓ Unit 2A

1. **Neat** / ni:t/ (adjective): tidy and carefully arranged
E.g.: His clothes are always neat and clean.

2. **Messy** / 'mesi/ (adjective): dirty or untidy **OPP** Neat
E.g.: A messy room.

3. **Change purse** / 'tʃeɪndʒ ,pɜ:s/ (noun):
a small container for money, usually used by a woman
E.g.: I have some coins in my change purse.



4. **Pieces** / pi:s/ (noun): a part of something:
E.g.: He cut the cake into six pieces.



5. **Wallet** / wɒlɪt \$ 'wɑ:- / (noun): a small flat case, often made of leather, that you carry in your pocket, for holding paper money, bank cards etc SYN billfold American English → purse
E.g.: I've only got about £10 in my wallet.



✓✓ Unit 2B

1. **Icons** /aɪkɒn \$ -kɑ:n/ (noun): someone famous who is admired by many people and is thought to represent an important idea
E.g.: a Swedish pop icon
2. **Saw** / 'sɔ/ (noun): a tool that has a blade with sharp teeth and that is used for cutting wood
E.g.: I need to cut this wood with a saw.
3. **Bull** /bʊl/ (noun): male cow
E.g.: A group of cows with a bull.
4. **Cheap** / 'tʃi:p/ (adjective): not costing a lot of money
E.g.: A cheap notebook.
5. **Postcode** / 'pəʊstkəʊd \$ 'pəʊstkəʊd/ (noun): British English a group of numbers and letters that you write at the end of an address on an envelope, package etc. The postcode shows the exact area where someone lives and helps the post office deliver the post more quickly **SYN zip code** American English
6. **Holiday** / 'hɒlədeɪ/ (noun): A time of rest from work, school etc.
E.g.: The school holidays start tomorrow.
7. **Important** /ɪm 'pɔ:tənt/ (adjective): Necessary or of great value
E.g.: A very important meeting.
8. **Accent** / 'bju:təfəl/ (adjective): 'æksənt/ (noun): A way of saying the words that happens among people in a country
E.g.: He speaks with American accent.
9. **Vice versa** /və 'keɪʃən/ (noun): /vaɪs 'vɜ:sə/ (adverb): To say that the opposite of a statement is also true
E.g.: There's a bag for you and a box for Tom, or vice versa.



✓✓ Unit 2C

1. **Frightened** /'fraɪnd/ (adjective): Feeling afraid **SYN** Scared
E.g.: Don't be frightened. We're not going to hurt you.
2. **Bored** /bɔːd/ (adjective): tired because you do not think something is interesting, or because you have nothing to do
E.g.: I am bored with my job.
3. **Worried** /'wʌrɪd/ (adjective): feeling or showing fear because you think that something bad happened
E.g.: She's always worried about future.
4. **Careful** /'keɪfəl/ (adjective): Thinking about what you are doing and not to make mistakes **OPP** Careless
E.g.: Be careful! That pot is hot.
5. **Fast** /fɑːst/ (adjective):
moving or happening quickly,
or able to move or happen quickly:
E.g.: fast cars
6. **Empty** (/ 'empti/ (adjective): Having nothing inside
E.g.: An empty box.
7. **Dangerous** / 'deɪdʒərəs/ (adjective):
something that is dangerous may harm you.
OPP: Safe
E.g.: Wild animals are dangerous.
8. **Cross** //krɔːs/ (verb): to go from one side of (something) to the other
E.g.: The dog crossed the street.
9. **Bottles** /'bɔːtl/ (noun): A container with a narrow top for keeping liquids in, usually made of plastic or glass
E.g.: An empty bottle.

10. **Passengers** /'pæsɪndʒə, -sən- \$ -ər/ (noun):
someone who is travelling in
a vehicle, plane, boat etc,
E.g.: Neither the driver nor the passengers were hurt.

11. **Seat belts** (noun) a belt attached to the seat of a car or plane which you fasten around yourself for protection in an accident

✓✓ Unit 2C – Listening

- 1 **Slowdown** 'sləʊ daʊn/ (noun): a decrease in the speed when something is moving or happening
E.g.: Slow down your car.
- 2 **Engine** /'endʒɪn/ (noun): a machine that changes energy into mechanical motion
E.g.: Engine of the car.
12. **Speed limit** (noun):
the fastest speed allowed by law on a particular piece of road
E.g.: a 30 mph speed limit.

